

## **Diversity in Maths**

Key Area	Evidence and Next steps
1. The contributions of many cultures to the development of maths and its use in	Children to be made aware of the maths curriculum influenced by systems used
all societies are explored e.g. making use of different numerical systems.	in Singapore.
2. Activities, tasks, games, problems and examples reflect the multicultural	Practical maths taught where ever suitable allowing for children to experience
nature of society and relate to pupils' everyday experiences.	maths in everyday practical tasks helping to develop associative learning.
	Classrooms that are not grouped by ability but instead as a classroom in which
	students struggling with mathematics as well as students in need of more
	challenges in mathematics are taught working with similar tasks and the same
	mathematical content. Hence, diversity from an ability perspective is prioritised.
3. Representations of people engaged in maths reflect a broad range of people	Our vast array of workshops and activities during STEM week enable all of our
from different ethnic backgrounds.	students to access experiences they may not ordinarily be able to.
4. Maths is used as a tool to develop understanding of race relation issues e.g.	Children's understanding of interpretating statistics learnt through our mastery
statistical analysis of your schools' racist incidents, surveys of pupil backgrounds,	approach enables children to understand both school and national race related
etc.	incident statistics.